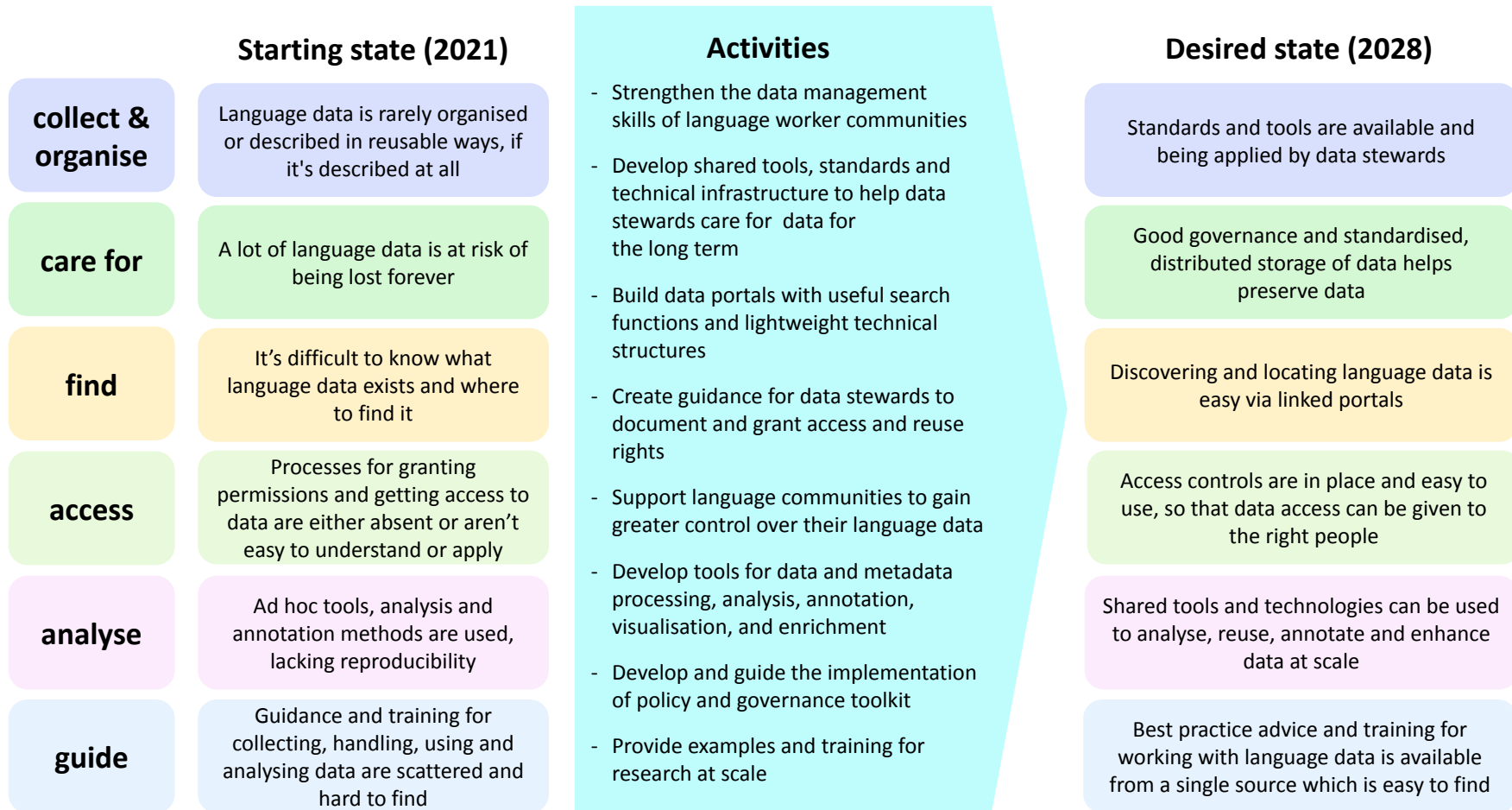


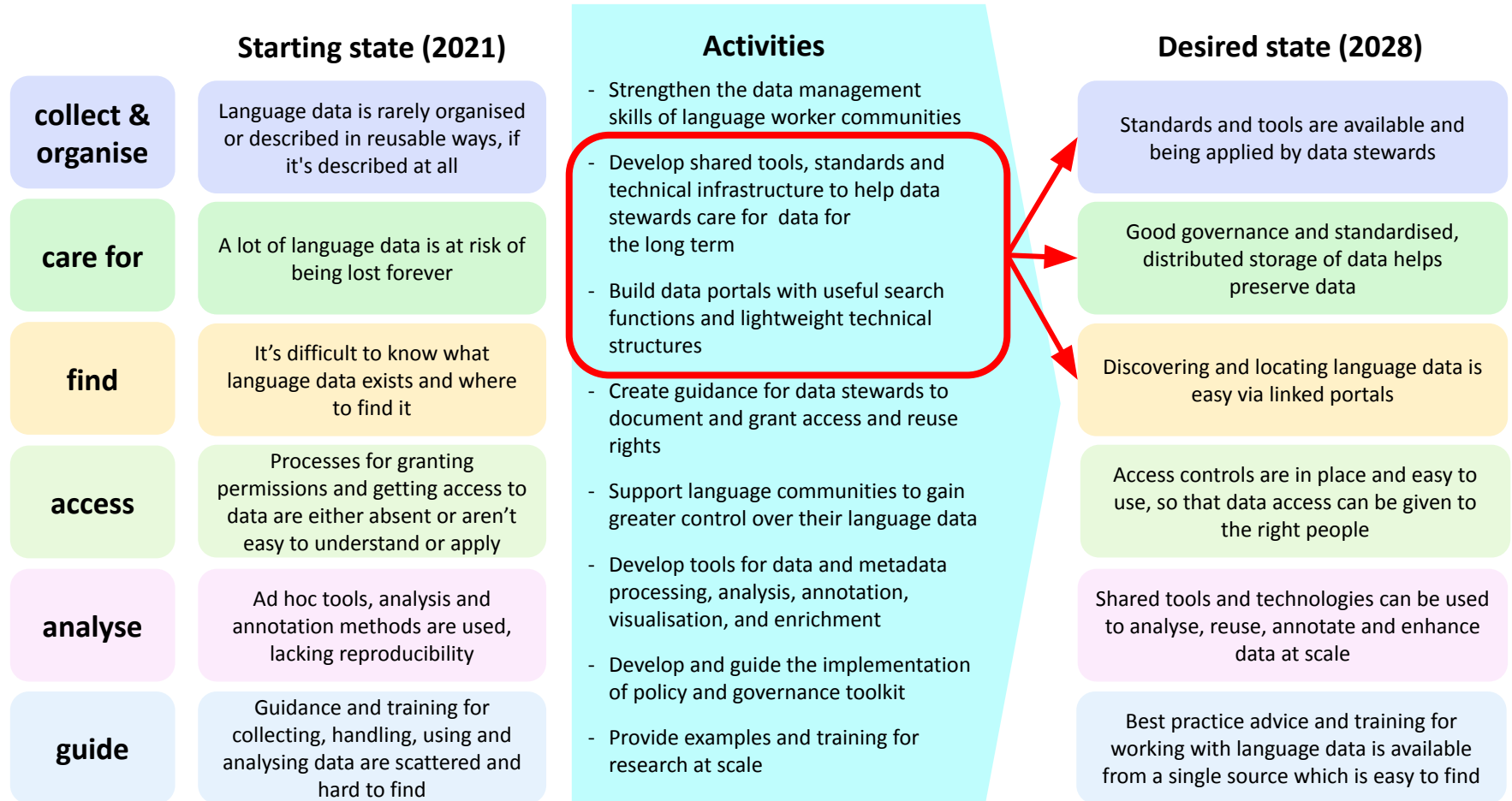
A comprehensive, open and sustainable set of  
~~principles~~ protocols and tools for low (and high)  
resource archival-repositories

Peter Sefton, Robert McLellan, Michael Lynch\*\*, Moises Sacal Bonequi\*, Nick Thieberger\*\*\*

# LDaCA Execution Strategy Overview (Draft 2024-05-17)



# LDaCA Execution Strategy Overview (Draft 2024-05-17)



“Archival Repository”

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[Anthony Lele](#) (6)  
[All...](#)

**Keywords**

[Welding](#) (6)  
[acoustics](#) (6)  
[miRNA](#) (6)  
[signal processing](#) (6)  
[Fasciola](#) (5)  
[All...](#)

**DatePublished**

[2020](#) (14)  
[2019](#) (9)  
[2021](#) (9)  
[2022](#) (9)  
[2023](#) (9)  
[All...](#)


**Ambient Vibration of a Cable-Stayed Bridge**

This publication is the dataset component of a data paper. A full-scale short-span cable-stayed bridge, located on the top of a wind-exposed hill in the state of the New South Wales (NSW) in Australia, was instrumented to measure its dynamic response to ambient vibrations. The main purpose of the exercise was to generate sufficient ambient vibration datasets necessary for conducting Operational Modal Analysis (OMA). Wind, passing vehicular and pedestrian traffic over the bridge, as well as the vehicles travelling on the highway underneath the bridge provide adequate sources of ambient vibration excitation for this bridge. A dense array of time-synchronised uni-axial accelerometers was permanently mounted on the deck and on the cables of the bridge. Since the structural modal features vary with temperature, the ambient temperature was also continuously recorded. The shear strain response at one end of the bridge was also measured constantly to identify the volume of passing traffic over the bridge. Data acquisition was conducted non-stop for specific periods and the measured data were transferred over a 4G cellular network to the database. It is the intention of the authors that the datasets can be employed for further development and validation of OMA frameworks and will be of interest to the bridge engineering research community.

[Hamed Kalhori](#) | [Mehrisadat Makki-Alamdani](#) | [Bijan Samali](#) | [Chul-Woo Kim](#) | [Benjamin Haikon](#) | [Ambient Vibration Dataset](#) | [Bridge Structural Analysis](#) | [Cable-Stayed Bridge](#) | [Operational Modal Analysis](#), 1 2020


**Inah Camaya PhD - Supplementary Data**

Supplementary files for the PhD thesis of Inah Camaya, relating to the analysis of (1) the differential abundance of proteins in the pancreas of NOD mice treated with FhHDM-1, (2) the differential expression of mRNA in beta cells treated with FhHDM-1 under basal and apoptotic conditions and, (3) the differential expression of miRNA:mRNA in beta cells treated with FhHDM-1 under basal and apoptotic conditions. Supplementary Figure 2.1. Interlinked contiguous quartet of interacting proteins (Cdh1, Agt, Rps6kb1, and Bmi1) Supplementary Table 2.1. LC-MS/MS identification of proteins in NOD mouse pancreas Supplementary Table 2.2. Proteins identified in the pancreas of mice Supplementary Table 2.3. Interrogation of the protein network using specific search terms Supplementary Table 2.4. Differentially expressed genes with a logarithmic fold change of >1 or <-1, and a false discovery rate <0.05 in NIT-1  $\beta$ -cells treated with FhHDM-1 as compared to untreated cells Supplementary Table 3.1. Proteins with significantly different abundance in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells compared to untreated controls Supplementary Table 4.1. Predicted gene targets for differentially expressed miRNAs in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells compared to untreated (Un) controls Supplementary Table 4.2. Predicted gene targets of differentially expressed miRNAs in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells compared to untreated (Un) controls, common across all online miRNA gene target prediction tools miRDB, DIANA and Target Scan Supplementary Table 4.3A. List of predicted gene targets from miRNA upregulated in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells within each PANTHER DB category of molecular function and biological process (from Figure 2). Supplementary Table 4.3B. KEGG pathway analysis of predicted gene targets from miRNA downregulated in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells compared to untreated controls Supplementary Table 4.4. List of matched gene targets from miRNA downregulated in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells within each PANTHER DB category of molecular function and biological process (from Figure 4.5). Supplementary Table 4.5. Differentially expressed miRNAs in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells exposed to pro-inflammatory cytokines, compared to cytokines alone Supplementary Table 4.6. Predicted gene targets for differentially expressed miRNAs in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells exposed to pro-inflammatory cytokines compared to cytokines (CM) alone Supplementary Table 4.7. Predicted gene targets of differentially expressed miRNAs in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells exposed to pro-inflammatory cytokines compared to cytokines (CM) alone, common across all online miRNA gene target prediction tools miRDB, DIANA and Target Scan Supplementary Table 4.8. KEGG pathway analysis of predicted gene targets from miRNA upregulated in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells exposed to pro-inflammatory cytokines compared to cytokines alone Supplementary Table 4.9. KEGG pathway analysis of predicted gene targets from miRNA downregulated in FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells exposed to pro-inflammatory cytokines compared to cytokines alone Supplementary Table 4.10. Differentially expressed genes in the transcriptome of FhHDM-1 treated  $\beta$ -cells exposed to pro-inflammatory cytokines, compared to cytokines alone Supplementary Table 4.11. Matched gene targets common between transcriptome and predicted gene targets of differentially expressed miRNA in FhHDM-1

Search... 

[Advanced Search beta](#)


Filters

**Collection** 

< 1 2 >

Filter

- The speech of Australian adolescents: research data and recordings collected by A.G. Mitchell and Arthur Delbridge in 1959 and 1960 29948
- A Corpus of Oz Early English (COOEE) 4071
- Australian Corpus of English 9400
- International Corpus of English (ICE-AUS) 1116
- Braided Channels 522

**Sub-Collection**  12 >

**Access**  4 >

**Record Type**  9 >

Total: 39634 Index entries (Collections, Objects, Files and Notebooks)

RESET SEARCH    Sort by: Collections     Order by: Descending 

< 1 2 3 4 5 6 ... 3964 >

**A COrpus of Oz Early English (COOEE)**

Type: Dataset    RepositoryCollection

Language: English

Material to be included had to meet with a regional and a temporal criterion. The latter required texts to have been produced between 1788 and 1900 in order to become eligible for COOEE. It was mandatory for a text to have been written in Australia, New Zealand or...

Objects: 1357, Files: 2714

[See more](#)



**The La Trobe Corpus of Spoken Australian English**

Type: Dataset    RepositoryCollection

Language: English

The La Trobe Corpus of Spoken Australian English (LTCSAusE) comprises a collection of six recordings and transcriptions of spoken interaction amongst Australian speakers of English (some in conversation with native French speakers speaking English) made in Melbourne...

Objects: 12, Files: 24

[See more](#)



**Australian Corpus of English**

Type: Dataset    RepositoryCollection

Language: English

The Australian Corpus of English (ACE) was compiled to match Australian data from 1986 with the American (Brown) and British (LOB) corpora of written English from the 1960s. It includes 500 samples of published texts taken from 15 different categories of nonfiction and fiction,...

Objects: 850, Files: 2550

[See more](#)





# PARADISEC Catalog

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Collection Details

Ready for metadata export  Private: Hide metadata from all users

Collection ID TDI

Title Papua New Guinean Languages

Description A collection of audio recordings from a number of languages of Papua New Guinea and Australia. Includes Tok Pisin, Motu, Hiri Motu, Toaripi, Opa, Oroko, Kanju, Kaji, Boera, Maipua, Purari (Korila), Fore, Orokaiva, Noto (Ewage-Noto), Grass Koliari, Nara (Lala), Wahgi, Raepa Tat (Kaki Ae), Duma, Malu, Managalasi, Kolia, Aomie, Barai, Rabuka, Rumu, Kibiri, Mountain Koliari, Kolitaba, Mekeo, Susau, Toura, Abadi, Barai, Maria, Kuanua, Sinauagoro, Uare, Aomie, Ese, Baruga, Maisin, Umanakaina, Kanasi, Dawawa, Doga, Abau, Domu, Daga, Yareba, Magori, Tauade and Yele. Some language more than one dialect is present. Text types include stories, songs, basic elicitation, comparative work, radio recordings, language lessons, discussion. Also includes a lecture by K. L. Pike, recordings from ABC radio, recordings of Black American English (Tim Shoppen), One recording of Bislama (Vanuatu), a recording of the 1977 Australian Museum conference, bird calls and data on Queensland pidgin, a recording in Kaandju (Australia), as well as data on Torres Strait English for the Queensland Speech Survey.

Archive link <https://catalog.paradisec.org.au/repository/TDI>

Collector Tom Dutton [Find similar](#)

Operator

Originating university Australian National University

Countries Australia - AU  
 Fiji - FJ  
 Papua New Guinea - PG  
 Solomon Islands - SB  
 United States - US  
 Vanuatu - VU  
 To view detailed information on a country, click its name

Languages Arifano-Minifiga - aal  
 Arifano - ara

### Items in Collection (295)

ID	Item A	Title A	Digitised	F
000	<a href="#">open</a>	Singsings	17/12/2003	2
001	<a href="#">open</a>	Beginning Hiri Motu, Units 7&8	29/10/2003	4
005	<a href="#">open</a>	Beginning Hiri Motu (copy) Units 9&10	30/10/2003	4
006	<a href="#">open</a>	Beginning Hiri Motu Units 11&12	30/10/2003	4
0176	<a href="#">open</a>	Sapee A - Iokoa B Unit 1 E	10/07/2003	4
0178	<a href="#">open</a>	Boera (HTL) - Moi Higo	14/07/2003	4
0276	<a href="#">open</a>	Mirivae E, Maru C - Avhara D	14/07/2003	4
0376	<a href="#">open</a>	Unit 1 E - Kaka G	14/07/2003	4
0378	<a href="#">open</a>	Boera - Moi Higo	15/07/2003	4
0476	<a href="#">open</a>	Lese Kanera - D - Karama J	15/07/2003	4

### Depositing information

Metadata source [tape boxes](#)

Orthographic notes

Media

Date created 2003-04-04 00:00:00 +1000

Date modified 2017-09-11 12:11:56 +1000



## Papua New Guinean Languages

Name Papua New Guinean Languages

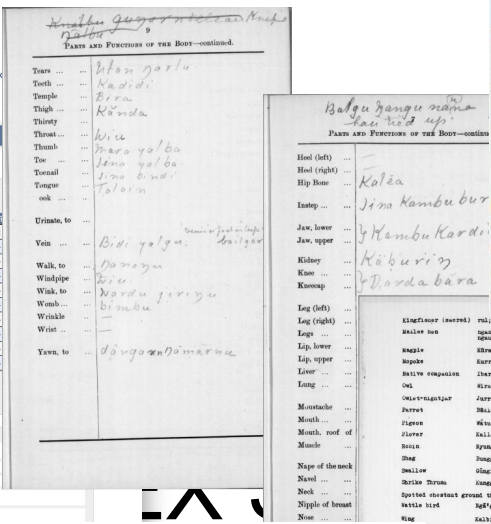
Description A collection of audio recordings from a number of languages of Papua New Guinea and Australia. Includes Tok Pisin, Motu, Hiri Motu, Toaripi, Opa, Oroko, Kanju, Kaji, Boera, Maipua, Purari (Korila), Fore, Orokaiva, Noto (Ewage-Noto), Grass Koliari, Nara (Lala), Wahgi, Raepa Tat (Kaki Ae), Duma, Malu, Managalasi, Kolia, Aomie, Barai, Rabuka, Rumu, Kibiri, Mountain Koliari, Kolitaba, Mekeo, Susau, Toura, Abadi, Barai, Maria, Kuanua, Sinauagoro, Uare, Aomie, Ese, Baruga, Maisin, Umanakaina, Kanasi, Dawawa, Doga, Abau, Domu, Daga, Yareba, Magori, Tauade and Yele. Some language more than one dialect is present. Text types include stories, songs, basic elicitation, comparative work, radio recordings, language lessons, discussion. Also includes a lecture by K. L. Pike, recordings from ABC radio, recordings of Black American English (Tim Shoppen), One recording of Bislama (Vanuatu), a recording of the 1977 Australian Museum conference, bird calls and data on Queensland pidgin, a recording in Kaandju (Australia), as well as data on Torres Strait English for the Queensland Speech Survey.

Date Published 2017-09-11

@id <https://catalog.paradisec.org.au/repository/TDI>

Centroid [POINT\(148.41500000000002 -6.5\)](#)

Content Location [POLYGON\(140.86 -1.36, 155.97 -1.36, 155.97 -11.64, 140.86 -11.64, 140.86 -1.36\)](#)



Collections Browse Login Help



Search...

Advanced Search [beta](#)

Filters

Collection **1**

Filter

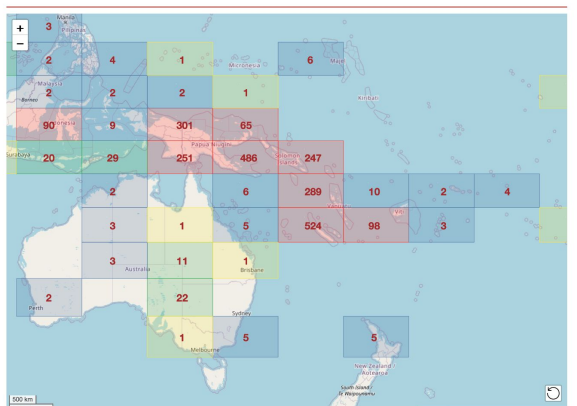
- Images from Arthur Capell's Pacific field notes **(1)**
- Papua New Guinean Languages **(1)**
- South Efate pictures **(0)**
- Central Aemat (Manowae, Jas, Yas) (Indonesia) **(0)**
- Arthur Capell recording collection **(0)**

Collection **1**

Access **1**

Record Type **1**

2536 Index entries (Collections, Objects, Files and Notebooks), some (18) result(s) are out of bounds; move your map to see them.



Collections Browse Login Help

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## Opening the Multilingual Archive of Australia

2186 results • List • Map

Search:

Access:  Record Type:  Language:  Category:  Current Holder:  Subject:  Country of Origin:  Publisher:  Serial number:

2186 results • List • Map

View:

Sort by: Relevance Order by: Descending Download CSV

**arep://name.oma**  
Dataset, RepositoryCollection  
Objects: 2185

**Ἔθνος - Ethnos**  
Newspaper, RepositoryObject  
Greek (Modern)  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
Dardanis Archives of the Hellenic Diaspora

**Ἠπειρος - Epiros**  
Newspaper, RepositoryObject  
Greek (Modern)  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
Dardanis Archives of the Hellenic Diaspora

**'Nieuw gezichten' in Australia**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
Dutch  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
National Library of Australia

**'Awa Athanasiou' ἄγραφοι - Ann Lambrou papers**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
Greek (Modern)  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
State Library of New South Wales

**'Discipline des Convicts à Van-Diemen' by Gaston de Roquemareu, written...**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
French  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
State Library of New South Wales

**1862 - Doual Stuart, voyageur écossais, après avoir traversé l'Australie, marque la...**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
French  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
National Library of Australia

**#ree\_892**  
RecordRelationship, RepositoryObject  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)

**2 Δεικνόμενα Αποκοκόων Τύπου για τον Β Παγκόσμιο Πόλεμο του Αιμίλιου...**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
Greek (Modern)  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
Dardanis Archives of the Hellenic Diaspora

**3 Jahre in Australien: Wanderung durch in Kolonien von New-South-Wales, Victoria...**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
German  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
The University of Sydney

**A guide to travel in Australia - Japanese post (旅州行路案内 / 日本郵船)**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
Japanese  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
State Library of New South Wales

**A history of Australia**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
Japanese  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
National Library of Australia

**A history of Australia**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
Japanese  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
National Library of Australia

**A history of Australian politics and foreign relations, including a brief history of New...**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
Japanese  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
Japanese Diet Library

**A history of the invasion of Australia**  
CreativeWork, RepositoryObject  
Japanese  
Member of: [arep://name.oma](#)  
National Library of Australia, Northern Territory Library

transforming-wa4ap-staging | Systemik Solutions

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## Opening the Multilingual Archive of Australia

2186 results • List • Map

Search:

Access:  Record Type:  Language:  Category:  Current Holder:  Subject:  Country of Origin:  Publisher:  Serial number:

2186 results • List • Map

View:

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Tempo to drop Thursday

Search

Country of Origin:  Publisher:  Serial number:

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2186 results • List • Map

Search:

Access:  Record Type:  Language:  Category:  Current Holder:  Subject:  Country of Origin:  Publisher:  Serial number:

2186 results • List • Map

View:

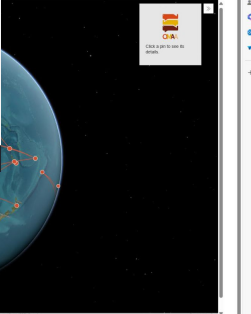
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Search

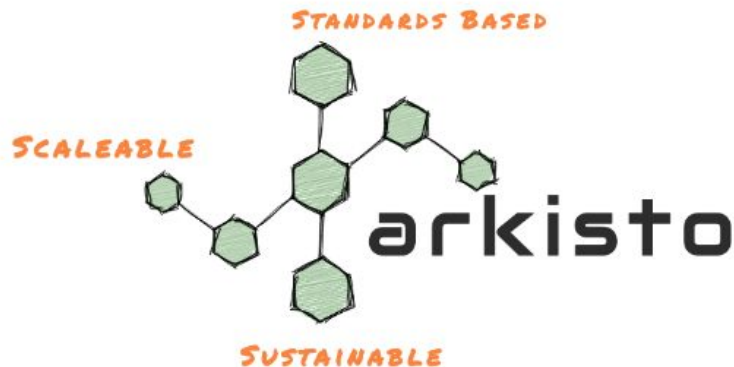
Country of Origin:  Publisher:  Serial number:

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Con



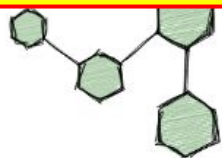
A scaleable, standards based platform for sustainable data.

The basis of Arkisto is that the long-term preservability of well-described data is *always* the first consideration.

Data on an Arkisto deployment is always available on disc (or object storage) with a complete description *independently* of any services such as websites or APIs. Once the data is safe and well described, Arkisto has a flexible model for how data can be accessed using a variety of services.

Arkisto is built on top of [Research Object Crate \(RO-Crate\)](#) and the [Oxford Common File System Layout \(OCFL\)](#).

Not really a platform, the core idea was a set of principles



arkisto

SUSTAINABLE

A scaleable, standards based platform for sustainable data.

THIS BIT IS WHAT WE \*REALLY\* MEANT TO SAY

The basis of Arkisto is that the long-term preservability of well-described data is *always* the first consideration.

Data on an Arkisto deployment is always available on disc (or object storage) with a complete set of services such as websites or APIs. Once the data is safe and sound, we need a model for how data can be accessed using a variety of services.

These are two important specifications but we should not have tied Arkisto to just these two

Arkisto is built on top of **Research Object Crate (RO-Crate)** and the **Oxford Common File System Layout (OCFL)**.

# Protocols for Implementing Long-term Archival Repositories Services (PILARS)

<<http://w3id.org/ldac/pilars>>

[Contribute at Github](#) [More info \(RRKive.org\)](#)

[PILARS Protocols](#) [CARE and FAIR Principles \(annotated\)](#) [PILARS Implementation Notes and Guidance](#)

## Status

Persistent ID (will always link to the latest version): <<http://w3id.org/ldac/pilars>>

This is a working draft which has been created by the below contributors.

We will be collecting feedback until the end of June 2024. [Contribute at Github](#)

More information and background is available at ([RRKive.org](#))

Protocols for Implementing Long-term Archival Repositories Services (PILARS) by Sefton et al is licensed under CC BY 4.0 

## Editor

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## Overview

This document sets out protocols for the design and implementation of sustainable [Archival Repository](#) services to achieve "CAREful FAIRness", i.e. to support the CARE (Carroll et al. (2020)) and FAIR (Wilkinson et al. (2016)) principles.

Be

**FAIR**

Findable Accessible Interoperable Reusable

and

**CARE**

Collective Benefit Authority to Control Responsibility Ethics

# CARE Principles for Indigenous Data Governance

The CARE Principles for Indigenous Data Governance can be downloaded here in [summary](#) or [full](#)

The CARE Principles in Spanish - [CREA para la Gobernanza de Datos Indigenas](#)

The CARE Principles in Vietnamese - [Các nguyên tắc CARE đối với quản trị dữ liệu bản địa](#)

## CARE Principles for Indigenous Data Governance

The current movement toward open data and open science does not fully engage with Indigenous Peoples rights and interests. Existing principles within the open data movement (e.g. FAIR: findable, accessible, interoperable, reusable) primarily focus on characteristics of data that will facilitate increased data sharing among entities while ignoring power differentials and historical contexts. The emphasis on greater data sharing alone creates a tension for Indigenous Peoples who are also asserting greater control over the application and use of Indigenous data and Indigenous Knowledge for collective benefit.

Filters is:issue is:open Labels 9 Milestones 0 New issue

3 selected		Mark as	Label	Projects	Milestone	Assign
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Set up governance for these protocols</b></p> <p>#6 opened 3 days ago by ptsefton</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>Actions</p> <p>Open</p> <p><b>Closed</b></p> </div>				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Set up persistent id https://w3id.org/ldac/pilars</b></p> <p>#5 opened 3 days ago by ptsefton</p>					1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Add FAIR and CARE principles pages and links to them from the protocols</b></p> <p>#4 opened 3 days ago by ptsefton</p>					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Set up internal links</b></p> <p>#2 opened 3 days ago by ptsefton</p>					

ProTip! Type g p on any issue or pull request to go back to the pull request listing page.

MVG Public

Watch 14 Fork 24 Star 367

main 1 Branch 1 Tags

Go to file Add file Code

<b>royaljust</b> Merge pull request #27 from github/issue26	46e84d4 · 3 months ago	25 Commits
org-docs	Correct license links. Fixes #26	3 months ago
project-docs	Correct license links. Fixes #26	3 months ago
LICENSE	initial commit	3 years ago
README.md	Fix typo & update broken project license link	2 years ago

README Code of conduct CC-BY-4.0 license Security

# Minimum Viable Governance

## What is Minimum Viable Governance?

Minimum Viable Governance (MVG) - currently in beta - is a repository-based approach for putting lightweight governance into free and open source projects that are run in version control systems. It provides an overall two-tier organizational governance structure for a set of free and open source projects. At the top level (called an "organization" on GitHub), there is a technical steering committee to make decisions about the overall direction and coordination between all the organization's projects. Underneath that top level are the individual projects, with lightweight, consensus-based governance.

There are two folders. The first, org-docs, provides top-level organizational governance and policies for a technical steering committee (TSC). The second folder, project-docs, provides a template for individual project governance, subject to the policies and oversight of the larger organization.

Minimum Viable Governance is meant as a way to quickly stand up collaborations that can grow with your organization and projects. If your organization grows to the point where a corporate home becomes necessary, typically when your organization begins holding money, MVG is designed to make that transition easy.

### About

MVG = Minimum Viable Governance

- Readme
- CC-BY-4.0 license
- Code of conduct
- Security policy
- Activity
- Custom properties
- 367 stars
- 14 watching
- 24 forks
- Report repository

### Releases 1

v0.1-beta Latest on Jul 22, 2021

### Packages

No packages published

### Contributors 7



1 Data is Portable: assets are not locked-in to a particular mode of storage, interface or service

(TLDR; Use OCFL)

2 Data is Annotated: contents, structure, provenance and access and reuse permissions are comprehensively described with metadata and licenses

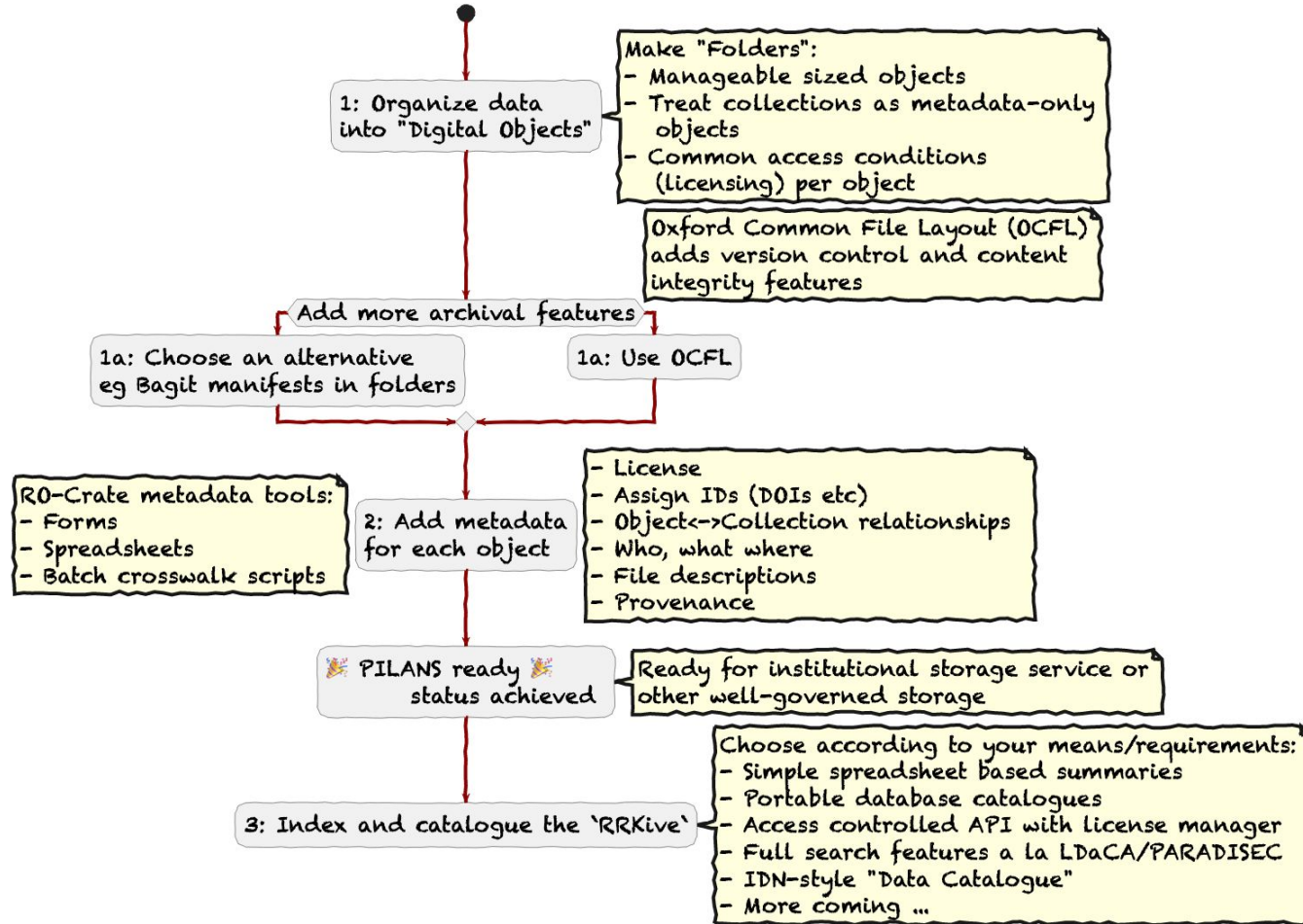
(TLDR; Use RO-Crate)



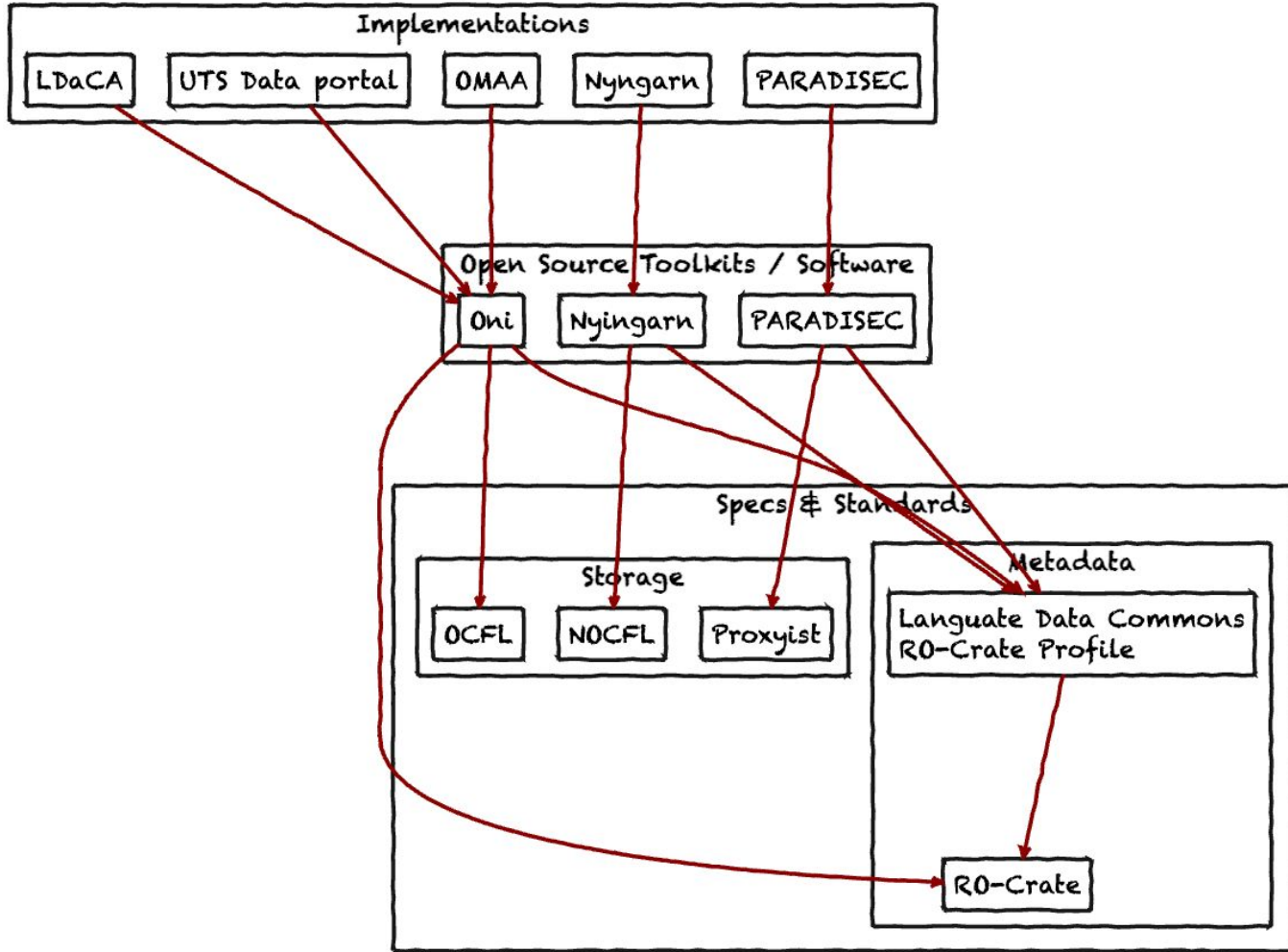
## 3 Governance

(No shortcuts here – this is the hard part)

# 3 Steps to PILARS-style Archival-Repositories (Turn that R: drive into an 'RRKive')



# PILARS Implementations - mid 2024





This site collects resources related to implementing Archival Repository (RRKive) solutions as part of a *Data Commons* based on a set of Protocols know as [PILARS](#): Principles for Implementing Long-term Archival Repository Services. <https://w3id.org/dac/pilars>

The PILARS protocols are maintained as stand-alone project managed in a [Git repository](#).

## What's a Data Commons and where's the data in one?

Following the lead of Jenny Fewster, HASS and Indigenous Research Data Commons Director at the Australian Research Data Commons (ARDC) we use this definition for *Data Commons* (Grossman et al. (2016)):

A global trusted system of systems that provides frictionless access to high quality interoperable resources, services and artefacts for research.

The abstract of this article says:

Data commons collocate data, storage, and computing infrastructure with core services and commonly used tools and applications for managing, analyzing, and sharing data to create an interoperable resource for the research community.

NOTE: This definition differs from others in that it does not use the word "open", which is important, as not all research data can be made openly available; according to the [CARE](#) and [FAIR](#) principles can and should be made accessible to the *right* people / agents. For some background on CARE and FAIR in a Data Commons context see this [Language Data Commons of Australia blog post](#).

This web site looks at the *core services* and infrastructure needed to undertake the processes mentioned in the definition: managing, analyzing, and sharing; we do that below, paying particular attention to where the data resides in a Data Commons.

## This is about Research Data Commons deployments

This site is about:

1. Implementation advice for the PILARS protocols.
2. A toolkit for deploying granular sustainable archival repository software which can describe and make data accessible down to and *inside of* the files and datasets but using commodity IT systems to ensure data interoperability
3. Enabling the 'interoperability' mentioned in the definition of a Data Commons above.

One of the key inspirations for [PILARS](#) was the approach taken by [PARADISEC](#) where data is stored and managed using a very simple architecture with data and metadata at its heart sitting, on top of commodity IT services; initially this was a file-system and is now cloud-based object storage. The key idea was that the data should always be available to administrators independently of particular software services (though because some data is not open it is not possible to just put data up on an open webserver – access control is needed).

This site is an evolution of a previous effort know as Arkisto, see the [background page](#).


### Scope: what people, domains, institutions, kinds and scales of data is this relevant for?

This site is for leaders and implementers of Research Data Commons projects AND general research data management practitioners looking to choose, manage or establish sustainable CARE and FAIR compliant data management solutions that will work with research services.

This site is relevant to any research or cultural domain, where teams are establishing data management infrastructure – the initial uses case and implementations are mainly from the Humanities and Social Sciences, with some "sciencey" and generalist deployments.

# Pronunciation guide – talk like it's the 19th of September

The PILARS protocols are maintained as stand-alone project managed in a [Git repository](#).

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the free encyclopedia

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## International Talk Like a Pirate Day

Article Talk

Read Edit View history Tools

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

**International Talk Like a Pirate Day** is a *parodic* holiday created in 1995 by John Baur and Mark Summers of [Albany, Oregon](#),<sup>[1]</sup> who proclaimed September 19 each year as the day when everyone in the world should *talk like a pirate* (that is, in English with a stereotypical West Country accent).<sup>[2]</sup> It has since been adopted by the Pastafarianism movement.<sup>[3]</sup>

### History [ edit ]

The holiday resulted from a sports injury. During a *racquetball* game between Summers and Baur, one of them, in pain, said, "Aaarrr!" and the idea was born. The game took place on June 6, 1995, but out of respect for the observance of the *Normandy landings*, they chose Summers' ex-wife's birthday, as it would be easy for him to remember.<sup>[4]</sup>

At first an inside joke between two friends, the holiday gained exposure when Baur and Summers sent a letter about their invented holiday to the American syndicated humor columnist [Dave Barry](#) in 2002.<sup>[5]</sup> Barry liked the idea and promoted the day,<sup>[6]</sup> and later appeared in a cameo in their "Drunken Sailor" *Sing Along A-Go-Go* video.<sup>[6]</sup> Michigan folk musician [Tom Smith](#) wrote the original "Talk Like a Pirate Day" song in 2003.<sup>[7][8]</sup>

Talk Like a Pirate Day is celebrated with hidden *easter egg* features in many games and websites,<sup>[9]</sup> with Facebook introducing a pirate-translated version of its website on Talk Like a Pirate Day 2008<sup>[10]</sup> and publisher [O'Reilly](#) discounting books on the *R programming language*.<sup>[11]</sup> In September 2010, [Reddit](#) added a pirate theme to their website.<sup>[12]</sup> In September 2023, [The Yorkshire Party](#), a regional political party in the UK, recognized International Talk Like a Pirate Day to highlight issues faced by coastal communities, including erosion and pollution.<sup>[13]</sup>

### References [ edit ]

- ↑ ^ ^ ^ Baker, Mark (September 19, 2003). "Awa! No lubbers today, ye scurvy bilge rats!". *The Register-Guard*. Retrieved September 25, 2014.
- ↑ "The Original Talk Like A Pirate Day Web site". Archived   November 20, 2012, at the *Wayback Machine*, by John Baur and Mark Summers.
- ↑ "RD Magazine". July 18, 2011.
- ↑ "September 19, 2007". *The KBIM Pat & Brian Show*. Orange, California. September 19, 2007. 40 minutes in. Beyond Investigation Magazine. KBIM Webcast. Archived from the original   March 7, 2021. Retrieved September 19, 2007

International Talk Like a Pirate Day



Type	Parodic
Date	September 19
Next time	September 19, 2024
Frequency	Annual



"Cap'n Slappy" and "Of Chumbucker", the founders of Talk Like a Pirate Day

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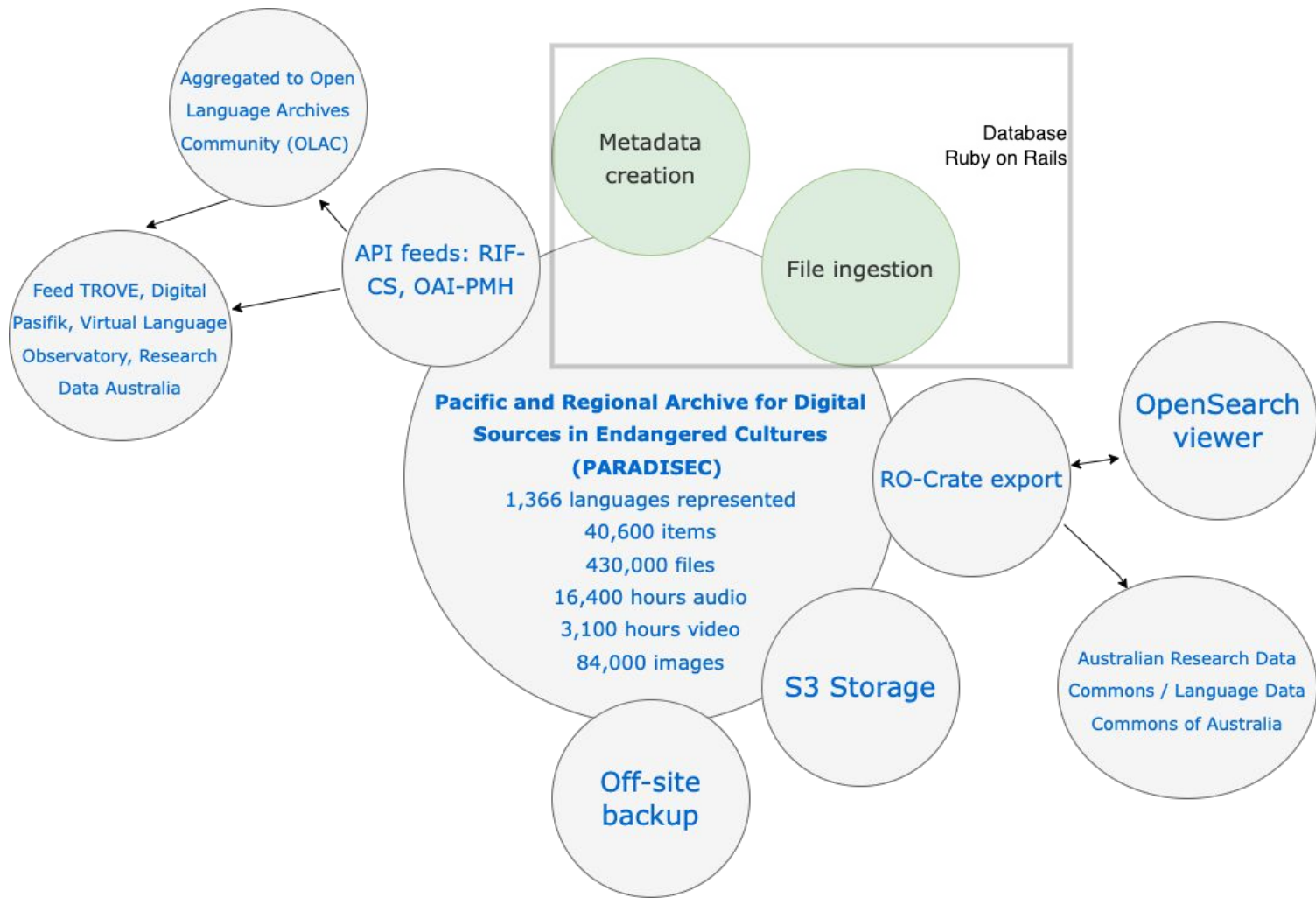
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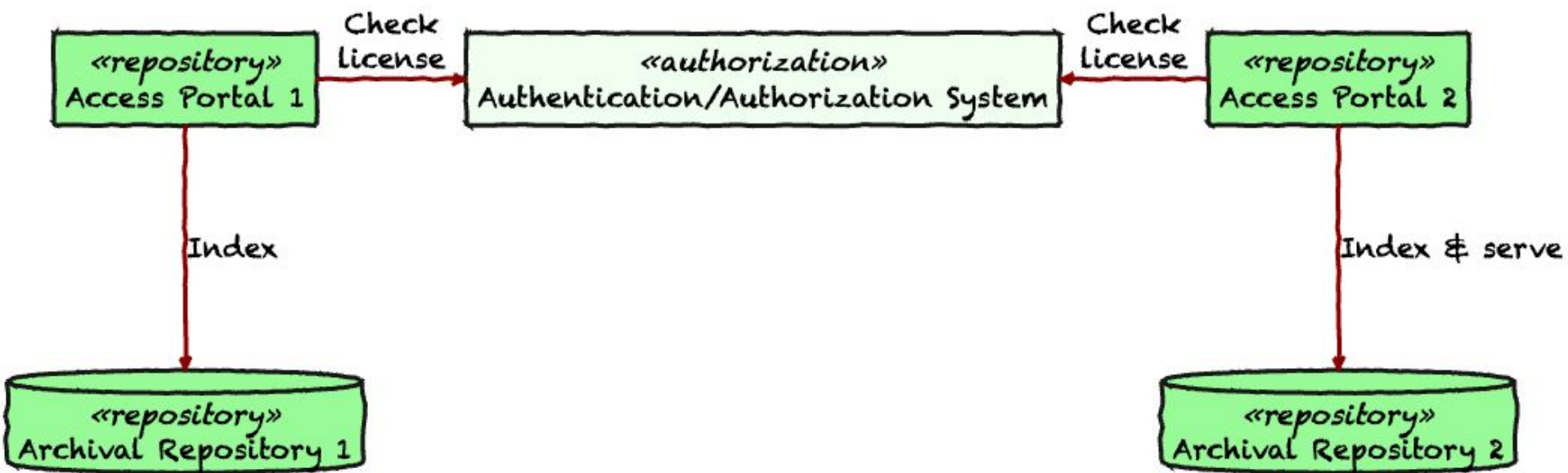
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## LDaCA Resources

Information and guidance for data custodians and data collectors produced by LDaCA.

### Access Policy

Outlines the LDaCA Access Policy, making data appropriately accessible in accordance with legal, moral and ethical considerations of data sharing.

### Data Onboarding Process

Outlines the standards and processes that support the onboarding of data collections to LDaCA.

### Determining Access Conditions

Defines the workflow for determining the access conditions for a data collection, to be outlined in the license.

### Guidance for Data Governance Decisions

Defines policies, roles, responsibilities and procedures for ongoing use and storage of data, as well as for access to data.

### LDaCA Software Tools

A variety of LDaCA open-source tools available on GitHub

### Licenses

Specifies the license(s) that data contributors have applied to the content of their collection, including the content coverage of that license.

### Metadata

Information about the approach to metadata being taken by LDaCA.

### Obtaining a DOI

Outlines steps for acquiring a Digital Object Identifier (DOI) for a data collection.

Go Back



A web version of this presentation with notes can be found at:  
<https://www.idaca.edu.au/news/posts/open-repositories-2024-pilars/>

